

WEDDING OF ROYAL PAIR

King of Spain Claims the Young English Princess Victoria For His Bride

AMID BRILLIANT SCENES

Dazzling Sunshine and a Billwindinger Maze of Color Greet the Bride on Her Wedding Day. The Streets Thronged With Joyous People.

Madrid, By Cable.—The marriage of King Alfonso and Princess Victoria was celebrated Thursday.

King Alfonso and his bride left the church at 12:30 o'clock. The announcement of the wedding, by the firing of artillery salutes was widely acclaimed by the people.

The city awoke under a cloudless sky, with dazzling sunshine adding its glories to the bewildering maze of color in which the streets were enfolded.

From an early hour the centers presented an aspect of extreme animation. The entire night had been passed amid a din of fireworks, singing and dancing and thousands of provincials, unable to secure shelter spent the night in cafes and in the streets.

At eight o'clock the crowds densely packed the main thoroughfares and troops took up their positions, stopping all traffic, and the whole city took on an air of feverish expectancy. The esplanade fronting

the palace were resplendent with gold, silver, jewels, lace and rare embroidery.

When the archbishop pronounced the benediction over the royal couple, the guns of the artillery stationed on the plaza thundered their salute to the new Queen. The people who were packed in a solid mass outside of the cordon of troops, became wild with excitement and joy when the salute proclaimed that the ceremony had been performed, and cheered until their voices almost drowned the booming of the guns and the ringing of the church bells all over the city. The religious ceremony in St. Gerónimo Church was the final act of the marriage ceremony, as the formal signing of the marriage contract had taken place before at the Prado Palace, in the presence of the ministers of the Cabinet and other dignitaries of the government.

After the wedding ceremony in the church the King and the Queen rode in state to the Royal Palace, where everything was in readiness for their reception. The enthusiasm with which they were greeted on their way by the people is indescribable. Flowers were showered from the windows and hats and handkerchiefs frantically waved. The King and the Queen bowed graciously in every direction and seemed highly pleased with the ovations. At the palace they received the representatives of the foreign potentates and the diplomatic repre-

sentatives of the municipality, bull fights, balls, receptions and various other features. At the end of the week the King and his bride will retire to the beautiful and secluded La Granja Palace, where they will spend their honeymoon undisturbed by the outside world. They will then go to San Sebastian to spend the summer and will probably not return to Madrid before some time in the fall.

The wedding presents, which were sent to the young couple from all parts of the world and which completely filled three large halls in the palace, contain many priceless gifts from the rulers of European countries. They will not be publicly exhibited, however, and only shown to a select few.

To become the bride of the King of Spain it was necessary for Princess Ena to renounce the Protestant religion and join the Catholic church, and also to renounce the succession to the English throne.

BOMB THROWN AT ROYAL PAIR

Sixteen People Killed, While King and Queen are Saved by a Wire.

Madrid, By Cable.—The public rejoicings over the marriage of King Alfonso and Princess Victoria had a terrible dramatic sequel, when a bomb thrown from an upper window exploded with deadly effect near the coach occupied by the King and Queen. Providentially, King Alfonso and Queen Victoria escaped by an electric wire deflecting the bomb, but at least 16 persons, most of them being of the personal and military escort and the others spectators, were killed. Many others were injured. The following are the killed:

Captain Barros, commanding part of the King's escort; Lieutenant Reysent, Lieutenant Prendergast, six soldiers, the Marquise of Colosa, her daughter, Don Antonio Calvo, his niece, aged 6 years, Jose Sola, 70

ANOTHER REVOLT ON

Active Fighting Takes Place in Guatemala

CASTELO REPULSED IN BATTLE

Revolutionary Leader Forced to Retire After Taking the City—Invading Forces Steadily Recruiting and the Government is Threatened at Several Points.

Mexico City, Special.—General Castello, commanding one detachment of Guatemalan revolutionists, after taking the city of Ocosingo, was forced to retire before superior forces. Castello is now reported to have taken a new base and will be reinforced by several hundred good fighting men from the steamer Empire City. General Barillas is in the mountains making his way to Quezaltenango. Barillas has with him a fine body of picked men and is reported to be steadily recruiting his force. No news has been received here from Salvador but the invading force should by this time be well advanced into Guatemala. Resident Guatemalans here state that the whole country is ripe for the overthrow of Cabrera. The season of rains has set in and the roads are bad in Guatemala. Telegraphic communication is difficult owing to the cutting of wires on the Guatemalan side.

Guatemalan revolutionists, who attacked Ocosingo, have been driven back across the Mexican borders, but small parties of revolutionists are appearing at various other points along the Mexican boundary and threatening the Guatemalan government. This information was contained in a dispatch received at the State Department from Mr. Combs, the American minister to Guatemala and Honduras.

To Merge Four Copper Mines.

Calumet, Mich., Special.—It has just been authoritatively announced that gigantic merger, to include four large Arizona copper mines controlled by Calumet, Duluth and Pittsburg capitalists is soon to be made. It is proposed to organize a new corporation with \$20,000,000 capital to take over the Calumet and Pittsburg, Lake Superior and Pittsburg Junction and Duluth Mining Companies, operating the Bischo, Arizona mines. These concerns are controlled by Charles Briggs, James and Thomas Hoatson, of Calumet and Thomas E. Cole and associates of Duluth. Nearly every man prominent in the United States Steel Corporation is heavily interested. The deal will result in one of the largest copper mining corporations in the world.

Record Breaking Appropriations.

Washington, Special.—The sundry civil appropriation bill was completed and Chairman Tawney was authorized by the appropriations committee to report it to the House. It is the largest sundry civil bill ever reported, carrying \$94,346,573, of which \$25,400,991 is for work on the Panama canal. The amount carried is \$11,070,003 less than the estimates from the various Departments. The canal appropriation is to be reimbursed to the Treasury from the proceeds of the sale of canal bonds, which have been authorized to the aggregate amount of \$130,000,000.

Abandoned Schooner Sighted Off Sandy Hook.

New York, Special.—When a heavy fog lifted near Sandy Hook, the schooner Annie R. Lewis was sighted with her starboard side stove in from the effects of a collision. The main mast was broken off about 15 feet above deck and was swinging in the rigging between the fore and mizzen masts. The crew had abandoned the schooner, and the steam pilot boat New York towed her into port. The pilots believe that the crew of the Lewis was lost.

Pilgrims Honor Bishop Potter.

London, By Cable.—The Pilgrim Society of Great Britain will give a dinner at the Savoy Hotel in honor of Bishop Potter, president of the Pilgrims of the United States. The Archbishop of Canterbury will offer the toast to the guest of honor and Field Marshal Earl Roberts, the president of the British society, will preside at the dinner.

A. Walter President of S. A. L.

Birmingham, Ala., Special.—Alfred Walter, president of the Seaboard Air Line, was elected president of the Atlantic & Birmingham Air Line at a meeting of the directors held here. Other officers were re-elected as follows: N. S. Meldrum, vice president and treasurer; D. C. Corteous, secretary; B. L. Nutt, assistant secretary and assistant treasurer. The directors authorized the construction of a spur line into Calhoun county, Ala.

Mob Lynches White Man.

Tallahassee, Fla., Special.—Robert T. Rogers, a white man, awaiting his trial on the charge of murdering Jesse Brown, a merchant at Girard, Richmond Parish, was lynched by a mob at midnight, which came from the West on a special train over the Vicksburg, Shreveport & Pacific railroad.

AFTER THE TRUSTS

Standard Oil and the Fertilizer Combines

SUBJECTED TO EXAMINATION

Prouty and Clements Now Go to Washington Where They Will Begin Preparing the Report Which They are to Submit to Congress.

Cleveland, O., Special.—After three days spent in taking testimony concerning the affairs of the Standard Oil Company, the Interstate Commerce Commissioners Prouty and Clements adjourned, and shortly thereafter started for Washington, where they are expected soon to begin the preparation of their report on the testimony here and in Chicago for presentation to Congress. The report, however, will not be closed until the Standard Oil Company's attorneys have had ample opportunity to reply to the many statements and charges put in evidence. Attorney Virgil P. Kline, for the Standard Oil Company, gave notice just before adjournment, that he desired to answer some of the testimony produced, and requested the commissioners to name a suitable time and place for the reopening of the case for this purpose. Mr. Kline was told that this privilege would be extended to him and that announcement of the time and place would be made in the near future.

In the three days' hearing just completed a total of thirty-five witnesses have been on the stand. About fifty or sixty were subpoenaed. Some of these were not called. Counsel for the commissioners, however, had five or six on hand ready to be sworn, but the commissioners declined to hear them, indicating that the things expected to be proven were not important.

FERTILIZER TRUST ALSO.

Engaging in a Combination in Restraint of Trade as Defined by the Sherman Act. The Case Against Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company, et al.

Nashville, Special.—The grand jury of the United States Circuit Court, which has been investigating the alleged fertilizer trust, for the past four weeks returned an indictment against about eighty fertilizer manufacturers, including a number of local men. The indictment contains six counts detailing in specific form alleged violations of the anti-trust laws and charging the defendants with combining and being engaged in a trust or combination. The defendants live in various parts of the country where fertilizers are manufactured and certified copies of the indictment will be sent to the various districts in which the defendants reside and there served. The defendants will be required to execute bonds for their appearance at the October term of the court in this city, when the cases are to be tried. The grand jury examined during the investigation 140 witnesses and the indictment returned is a voluminous document.

The six counts in the indictment are in a double series of three each. The first charge the defendants with engaging in a conspiracy; the second charge the defendants with conspiracy, and the third with conspiracy under section 5440, revised statutes, to commit the offense of engaging in a combination as defined by the Sherman law.

The punishment under section 5440 is two years in prison and a \$10,000 fine. The third counts charge the committing of an offense against the United States by engaging in a combination in restraint of trade, as defined and prohibited by the Sherman act. The style of the case on the docket indictment is United States vs. Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company et al, and the indictment is described as "indictment for violating act of Congress approved July 2, 1890, and entitled 'An act to protect the trade and commerce against unlawful restraints and monopolies' and section 5440, revised statutes, United States

Total of \$54,000 Raised.

Bristol, Special.—The emergency campaign of thirty days to secure funds to erect a new Y. M. C. A. building here has been concluded. The two contesting committees of young men secured a total of \$54,000 in subscriptions. The association wants \$60,000 more. The construction of the building will commence at once.

Telegraphic Briefs

President Roosevelt received the Gaek-war of Baroda at the White House.

One negro is dead and another will probably die as the result of a shooting affray at Rosslyn, Va.

The cruiser Columbia, with 600 marines left Philadelphia Tuesday under hurry orders for Santo Domingo.

THREE CHILDREN PERISH

Mother After Search Finds Them Smothered in Trunk.

Kankakee, Ill., Special.—After four hours search for her three young children, Ida, aged eight, Roselle, six and Pearl, two years, Mrs. Adelord Van Slette found them Wednesday night, dead in a trunk in an upper chamber. The children had been playing out of doors much of the day, late in the afternoon they went into the house to continue romping. Supper time came and Mrs. Van Slette's calls through the house and yard failed to bring any response. At last the mother observed an old fashion trunk from which the tray had been taken and was lying on the bed. She lifted the lid and saw her two babies lying on the pillow in the bottom of the trunk. Ida was sitting upright. The children were so still that Mrs. Van Slette stood in sympathetic stillness for an instant. Then she put forth her hand and touched Ida and spoke. The contact with the girl's head and lack of response froze the woman with horror. The children were dead.

Fourteen Lynchers in Jail.

Wadesboro, N.C., Special.—The lynching of John V. Johnson is growing into a big business. Thirteen alleged members of the mob are in jail here without bail, to-wit: John Niven, Lester Johnson, Zeke Lewis, Elmer A. Dunn, John Jones, J. F. Dunn, May Gilledge (maseuline) and Lewis Adams. Warrants were out for 18 men but five were not taken. One, Tom Johnson, showed up at Morven much surprised at the posse which he found there and volunteered to drive to Wadesboro without the trouble of official escort, but he got lost on the way to Wadesboro and has not arrived here yet. The others who fled are: John McLaurin, Ira Johnson, Tom Johnson, Battle Lewis and Ben Holk.

Major John Postell Dead.

Cartersville, Ga., Special.—Major John Postell died here Tuesday. He was born in Beaufort, S. C. in 1836, whence he removed to Savannah in early life. Upon the outbreak of the civil war he received a commission in the engineering corps of the Confederate army and worked upon the defenses about Charleston, Savannah and Johnston's Island. Later he was transferred to the Army of Northern Virginia and assisted in the fortifying of Richmond and Petersburg. He was in charge of the counter mining at the Crater. After the war he built the Brunswick and Western, and other railroads in this State.

Ratify Anglo-Cuban Treaty.

Havana, By Cable.—The Senate ratified the Anglo-Cuban treaty of commerce, navigation and industry as amended by the foreign relations committee May 23. The vote was 11 to 4. The opponents to the amendment declared that Great Britain would not accept the treaty in its amended form, while the advocates of the amendment insist that there is no reason for Great Britain not accepting it. These latter declare that the friendship of the United States was the first consideration in any event.

Trials of Russian Admirals.

St. Petersburg, Special.—The trials by court marshal of Admiral Negoboff, Grigoreff and Smyrnoff and subordinate unwounded naval officers for surrendering to the Japanese in the battle of the Sea of Japan will begin in June. The accused officers are liable to the death penalty.

The Immunity Bill.

Washington, Special.—What is known as the Knox "Immunity Bill" as amended by the committee on Judiciary was passed by the Senate. The bill provides that "Immunity shall extend only to a natural person who, in obedience to a subpoena gives testimony under oath or produces evidence, documentary or otherwise, under oath."

Lincoln Party Meets.

Philadelphia, Special.—The first State convention of the Lincoln party met in the Musical Fund Hall to perfect its arrangements for the coming campaign and to nominate a State ticket. The convention has been set one week ahead of the date of the Republican convention for the double purpose of giving expression to the desire of the new party to preserve its independence from any Republican influence and to force the Republicans, if possible, to endorse the candidates selected by the Lincoln party.

600 Saloons Out of Business.

Cleveland, Ohio, Special.—According to computations made by agents of the brewing companies about 600 saloons in Cleveland closed their doors through inability to pay the \$1,000 tax provided under the recently enacted Aiken law. When the time for the second semi-annual installment of the tax comes due it is believed that 600 more saloons will be compelled to stop doing business.

Telegraphic Briefs

Charles H. Horton, of Richmond, was enjoined from disposing of property claimed by his wife.

The Virginia Classic of the Reformed Church, which had been in session at Mount Crawford, Va., adjourned to meet next year in Chambersburg, Pa.

Attorney-General Moody took action before the Supreme Court in the case of the lynching of "Ed" Johnson, colored, at Chattanooga.

WHITE MAN LYNCHED

Taken From Jail and Done to Death By Mob

AWFUL SEQUEL TO A MISTRIAL

Mob Batters Down Doors of North Carolina Jail Drags J. V. Johnson, Alleged Murderer of His Brother-in-law, Gwinn Johnson, From His Cell, Strings Him to a Tree and Riddles His Body With Bullets.

Wadesboro, N. C., Special.—A mob composed of 50 to 75 men battered down the jail doors shortly after 2 o'clock Monday morning and lynched John V. Johnson, a white man about 40 years old, the killing of his brother-in-law, Gwinn Johnson, on December 17, last. The mob, it appears came from McFarland, Morven township, a small place on the South Carolina line and, largely under the influence of whiskey and treated the prisoner in a most cruel manner, while taking him out of town. One story is that they told him to run for his life and then filled his back with bird shot. This may or may not be true, but in taking Johnson out of jail one wrist was almost severed and the trail of the mob out of town was easily traced by bloody sploches.

About 1:45 o'clock two or three men, partially disguised, appeared at the back door of the jail and told Sheriff J. A. Boggan they had a prisoner and displayed a commitment paper. The sheriff came out and the door was bolted behind him. He tried to get the men to leave, but instead dozens more swarmed in and took hold of the officer and began to batter in the door, at the same time firing several shots into the jail, one load from a shotgun at close range making an inch hole in the door framing and a pistol bullet burning a mark on the jailer's collar.

Gaining admission to the jail after about half an hour, the men swarmed up stairs, breaking down two other doors. When the cell was reached several attempts were made to break down the iron door and the mob put a number of shotguns through the bars and threatened to kill Johnson there, when a member of the sheriff's family, fearing harm to that official, opened the cell door and Johnson was dragged out barefoot and scantily dressed. He attempted to hold on to something, when he was badly cut on the wrist. The doomed man's appeal for mercy were met with abuses as the mob dragged him out into the street. Here the crowd was divided into three squads, with the prisoner in the center, and amidst volleys after volleys from a number of shotguns and pistols and many shouts, wended its way out the Morven road in the direction of the scene of the offence for which Johnson was in jail.

J. V. Johnson was tried at the April term of Anson Superior Court for the murder of Gwinn Johnson, the jury failing to agree on a verdict. Judge Shaw, who presided at the trial, reprimanded the jury for its inability to reach a verdict and a mistrial was ordered, the prisoner being remanded to jail for second trial at the next term of court. The trial was vigorously contested on both sides. Solicitor L. D. Robinson was assisted in the prosecution by Mr. John A. McRae, of the Charlotte bar, and Mr. H. H. McLendon, of Wadesboro, while the defence was ably represented by Messrs. T. L. Caudie, J. A. Lockhart, Jr., John T. Bennett and Henry Bogan. The evidence showed that the two men were engaged in an altercation when the fatal shot was fired.

After a trial which occupied nearly a week, the jury took the case. The first ballot was eight for murder in the first degree, three for murder in the second degree and one for acquittal. After being out three days the final ballot was eleven for murder in the second degree and one for manslaughter. A mistrial was then ordered by Judge Shaw and the second trial set for the July term of court.

Judge Neal to Scene.

Raleigh, Special.—Governor Glenn has ordered Judge Neal to the scene of the lynching to assist in an investigation. The governor is severe in his condemnation of this act of lawlessness.

News Items.

A \$20,000 fire occurred at Amherst Courthouse, Va.

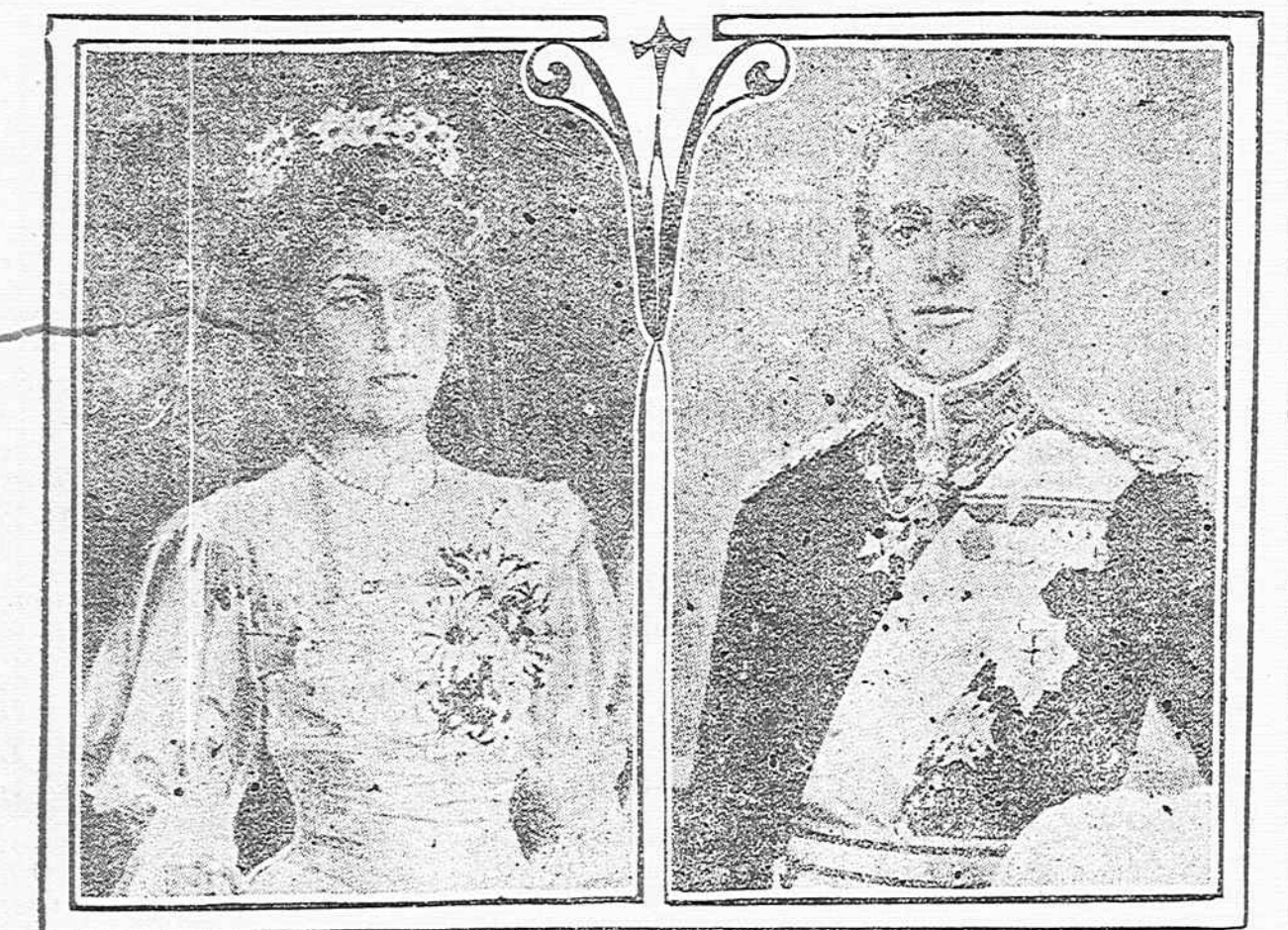
Count Salsky has been relieved of the presidency of the Russian Council of the Empire.

Gray Silver was nominated for Senator in the Jackson county (W. Va.) primaries.

A census bureau report shows that there are 3,490,000 telephones in the United States, with nearly 6,000,000 calls a year.

The contest before the arbitrators in the matter of the Raleigh & Pamlico Sound Railway and the Glenwood Company continues at Raleigh, and will probably last at least a week longer. It is not yet known when the railway will put on passenger trains, but it may be several months.

Secretary Taft sent to Congress the Panama canal budget for the current year, carrying appropriations of \$26,348,281.



SPAIN'S NEW QUEEN.

ALFONSO, KING OF SPAIN.

the royal palace was occupied by regiments of royal guards in full gala uniforms, with glittering breast-plates and helmets. Troops lined both sides of the streets in solid ranks for miles.

As the King's coach appeared it was greeted by great roar, while the multitude wildly waved handkerchiefs, fans, and parasols. His Majesty could plainly be seen smiling and bowing to the popular greetings. He wore a uniform of Field Marshal, his hat surmounted by a sweeping white plume.

Immediately following the Royal coach came the bride's party. The appearance of the Princess, who was about to become the Queen, aroused the people to the highest pitch of emotion. The bride looked most charming and graciously acknowledged the continued ovations.

Princess Victoria came from Pardo Palace to Madrid early in the morning accompanied by her mother, Princess Henry of Battenburg and her ladies of honor and escorted by a regiment of royal guards.

The wedding cortege started from the royal palace at 9:30 o'clock, amid the ringing of church bells, firing of artillery salutes and clamorous enthusiasm of the crowds massed along the route.

The Ceremony Said.

The ceremony accompanied by all the impressive and gorgeous ceremonial of the Roman Catholic Church, was conducted by the Primate of Spain, who was assisted by a number of other distinguished prelates of the Spanish clergy. The decorations of the altar and the robes of the officiating

representatives of the various governments, including Mr. Frederick C. Whitridge, the American special envoy and representative of President Roosevelt.

In the evening a State dinner was given at which only the immediate members of the royal houses represented at the wedding were present. The Prince and the Princess of Wales occupied seats of honor near the bridal couple. While the wedding dinner was being served in the palace the population gave itself up to amusements of every kind. There were special performances in all theatres, fireworks, parades and balls everywhere and the whole city, including the thousands of visitors, attracted by the festivities, seemed to have abandoned itself to fun and frolic.

Brilliant Banquets Follow.

There were brilliant banquets at all embassies and the city was brilliantly illuminated. The streets were thronged with people and carriages, containing beautifully dressed women and civilians or officers. Diplomats in their official costumes, dignitaries of the State and the Church, rolled through the streets, a constant source of curiosity to the crowds.

The King and his young bride will remain in Madrid for eight days to take part in the endless festivities arranged in honor of the royal wedding. The programme includes theatrical performances, military reviews, a parade of representatives of the various Spanish provinces in their characteristic national costumes, a pageant of the trades organizations of the city and of the officers and en-

years of age, Luis Fonseca, one royal groom, who was leading a horse drawing the coach carrying the King and Queen.

Several of those killed were standing on the balcony of the house from which the bomb was thrown.

The explosion occurred just as the royal couple were about to enter the palace. The route of the cortege had been diverted from Arsenal street to Mayor street, owing to the popular desires. The procession had just passed through Mayor street and was about to turn into the esplanade leading to the palace when an explosion shook the buildings in the vicinity, stunning a large number of people and throwing the cortege into inextricable confusion.

The King and Queen entered another carriage and were rapidly driven to the palace without either being harmed.

Arrival in Spain.

Madrid, By Cable.—The arrival of the future Queen of Spain at the Pardo Palace was the signal for a magnificent ovation, testifying Spain's welcome to her new sovereign. The Queen Mother embraced her son and his prospective bride. The party then passed between lines of lieutenants bearing pikes, and entering carriages, took up the route to the palace. Princess Ena, with her mother, Princess Henry of Battenburg, and the Queen Mother, occupied the first coaches, while King Alfonso, mounting his horse, galloped alongside, accompanied by Princes Ferdinand and Carlos.

Four Go Down With the Ship.

Detroit, Mich., Special.—The United States Transportation Company's steamer Cowie collided with the steamer Erin, a Canadian boat in the St. Clair river, almost cutting her in two. The vessel sank almost immediately, carrying down with her two women cooks, the chief engineer, one fireman and one deck hand. The Cowie was not seriously damaged.

Victory Over Guatemalans.

Mexico City, Special.—News from Central Toledo, the former was minister of Guatemala, who is advancing from Salvador into Guatemala with 2,000 troops, including. It is said, Salvadorian regulars, who announced a glorious victory over the Guatemalans. It is reported that Ocosingo was stormed Tuesday night by new forces with an American officer in command.